

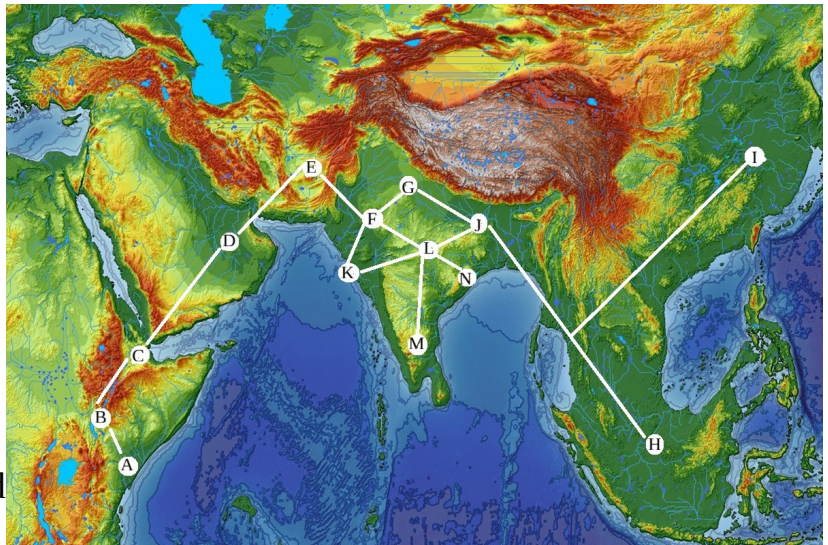
Asia People: An Archeological View

by Potluri Rao In Seattle ©2018 (CC BY 4.0)

Asians (DNA C and F) moved from Somalia to the Persian Gulf to Gujarat to Sunda to China over 100,000 years. They were the cream of humankind: highly advanced logic-based cultures. They lived in peace and tranquility as one giant family and helped each other. Unfortunately, their story was never told. The 2011 Census data on dialects (tribes) revealed a fascinating story of the now-lost Asian history.

Asians followed the monsoon winds that blew from the Arabian Sea to the Bay of Bengal. The winds reversed direction every 20,000 years due to the Earth's rotation, called Axial tilt. When the winds reversed, fertile lands became deserts, and deserts became fertile lands. Every 20,000 years Asians were forced to relocate.

The map was generated from the NASA satellite images to reflect the landscape before the glacial melt. Asians were in Somalia (A) 200,000 years ago. They were in Ethiopia (B) 100,000 years ago. They were in the current Red Sea (C), which was a giant lake. They were in the Tigris Valley (D) 80,000 years ago. They were in Balochistan and Punjab (E, F, and G) 60,000 years ago. Some moved from (G) to (H). Forty thousand



years ago, monsoon winds reversed direction, and (E), (F), and (G) became the Thar Desert. The people moved from (F) to (K) and (L). Twenty thousand years ago, the glaciers started to melt, and the rising sea levels swallowed the (K) and (H). The (K) moved to (L). Some of the (H) moved to (I) the current China, Mongolia, and Japan. Some of the (H) moved back along the old migration path to (J); from (J) they moved to (L). At that time, some people at (L) discovered the Kaveri River (M) at the bottom of the peninsula, with perpetual rainwater. Four thousand years ago, the winds reversed. The fertile land (L) turned to wasteland, and the wasteland (N) turned to fertile land. All the people at (L) moved to (N).