

Satpura Range, an Archeological View

by Potluri Rao In Seattle ©2018 (CC BY 4.0)

The Satpura Range is a part of the Vindhyas. The west side of the Satpura called Trikuta consisted of the current Damoh, Jabalpur, and Katni districts of the Madhya Pradesh State. Three rivers Narmada, Ken, and Sone originated at the foot of a hill in the Trikuta. Hindu (DNA H, J2b, O) lived along the three perennial rainwater rivers from 20,000 BCE to 2,000 BCE.

The Axial Precession of earth's rotation caused Indian monsoon winds, the green line in the map below, to go east to west for 20,000 years, and west to east for another 20,000 years. When the winds blew from west to east the Trikuta was fertile lands, and the east side of Satpura was wastelands deprived of rainwater. When the winds blew from east to west, the east side was fertile lands and the Trikuta was wastelands. The cycle repeated every 20,000 years, for millions of years.

Hindu moved to the Trikuta when the wastelands turned into fertile lands around 20,000 BCE. They were forced to vacate when the monsoon winds changed direction and the fertile lands turned into wastelands.

