

Himalayas, an Archeological View

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An analysis of DNA samples and Census 2011 data on Indian dialects revealed that Hindu (DNA F) never lived along the Himalayas or any of its rivers. They lived only in the Peninsular India for over 60,000 years. They lived only along perennial rainwater rivers. They avoided the Himalayas and its snowmelt water rivers like the plague.

All the Himalayan rivers carry rocks and silt. The rocks accumulate into beaver dams and back up water into temporary lakes. Himalayan rivers have hundreds of beaver dams of various sizes. Once in a while, heavy rains break all the dams at the same time, resulting in flash floods. In 2010, along the Indus River, an estimated 5.4 million acres of crops were destroyed, along with an estimated 1.2 million head of livestock. The economic losses from the flash floods totaled \$43 billion.

People who lived along the Himalayas and its rivers were the recent European immigrants (DNA R1) who entered India via Bactria only 4,000 years ago. Hindus never lived along the Himalayas, or any of its rivers, to avoid the frequent natural disasters.

