

Yamuna River, an Archeological View

by Potluri Rao In Seattle ©2018 (CC BY 4.0)

In the Sanskrit literature, the Yamuna river was portrayed as a Himalayan river of snowmelt water that flowed south to converge with another Himalayan river Ganges. The people who composed the Sanskrit literature were Greek stooges of Persian (DNA R1a1) culture who were ignorant of Hindu History, Geology, Geography, and Culture.

Hindu (DNA F) were rainwater people. They lived only along perennial rainwater rivers in the Peninsular India for over 60,000 years. They avoided the Himalayas and its rivers like the plague. All the stories that glorified Himalayas and its rivers were the Persian (R1a1) culture, not Hindu (F) culture.

A computer generated map of Indian rivers revealed that Yamuna had nothing to do with the Himalayas. The Aravalli ridge was its headwaters, not Himalayas. It was a perennial rainwater river that stretched from the Thar desert to the Bay of Bengal. Hindu lived along the Yamuna for 60,000 years. They voluntarily left Ethiopia (Africa) 100,000 years ago in search of perennial rainwater resources.

