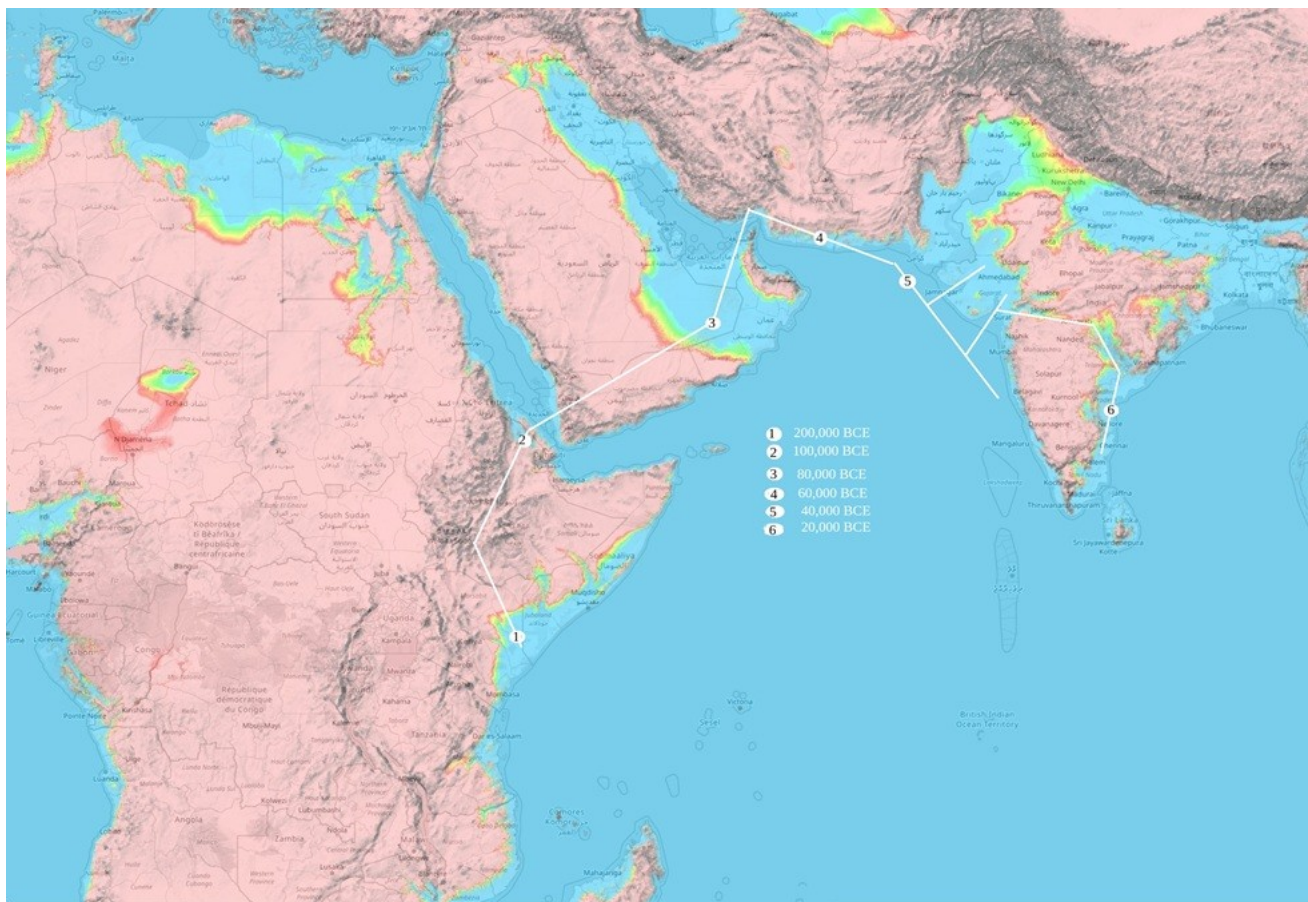
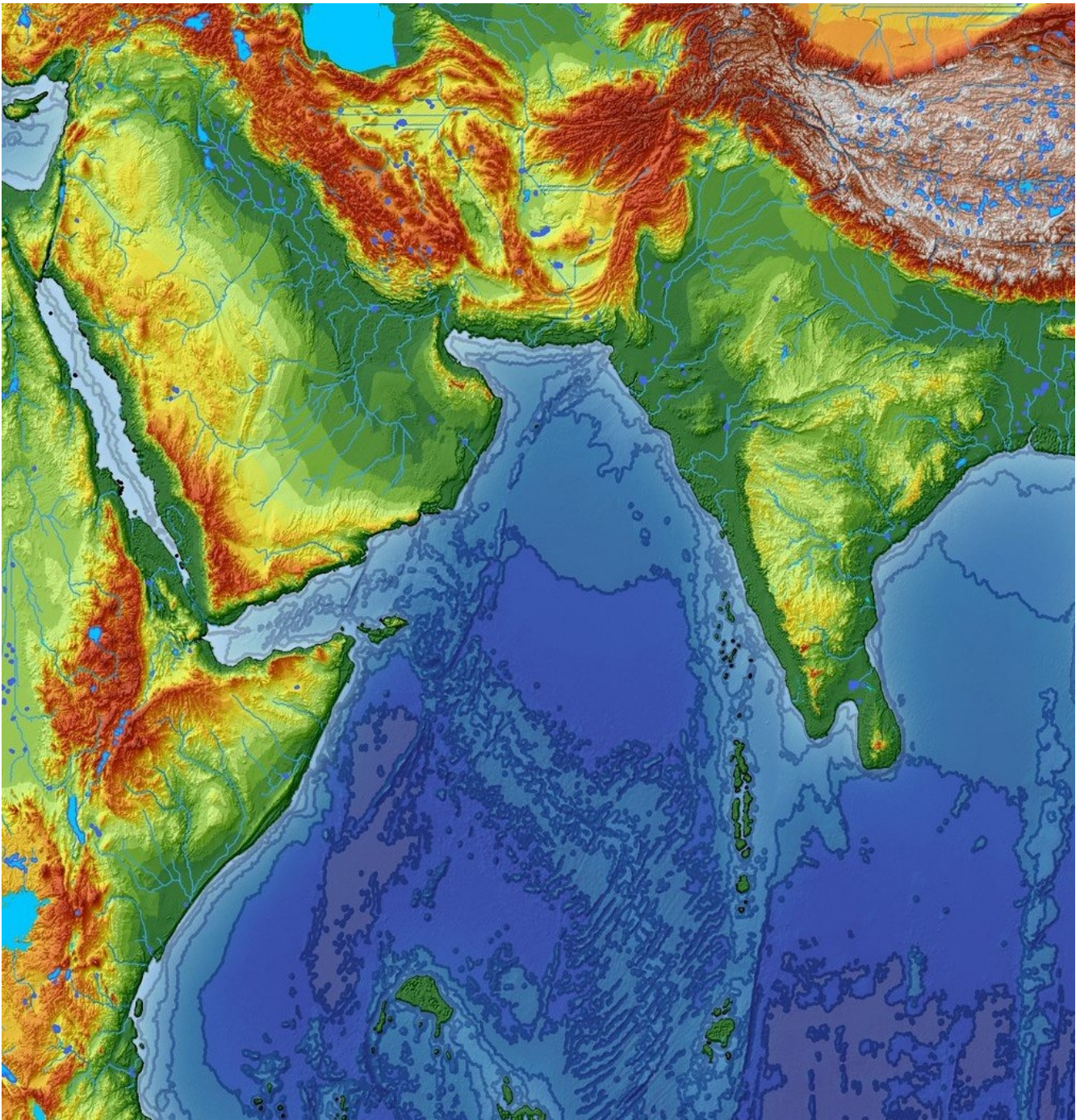


Rainwater People: An Archeological View

by Potluri Rao In Seattle ©2018 (CC BY 4.0)

Monsoon winds blow from the Arabian Sea to the Bay of Bengal. The humans who grew up along the path of monsoon winds were the Asian Homo Sapiens. They lived only along lowlands (<1,000') with perennial rainwater. The below elevation map shows the lowlands (light blue, green, yellow, and orange) favored by the Asians. They followed the path of monsoon winds to reach Peninsular India. They left Somalia 100,000 years ago. They had nothing to do with the African or European Homo Sapiens. They were warm-climate people and lived only to the south of the Tropic of Cancer. One hundred million years ago, India was attached to Somalia and Madagascar. The unique geology of the lowlands, called Asia, was formed when the plates were separated. The monsoon winds reversed direction every 20,000 years and forced the people to move from one circle to the next. The glaciers started to melt 20,000 years ago, and much of the original migration path is now submerged under 500 feet of water.





The above map is a digital reconstruction of the landscape before the glacial melt. The glaciers started to melt 20,000 years ago. The land was totally submerged by 10,000 years ago. All the lowland people were forced to relocate to Peninsular India.